Logistics services: 6. Logistics services

Metodický koncept k efektivní podpoře klíčových odborných kompetencí s využitím cizího jazyka ATCZ62 - CLIL jako výuková strategie na vysoké škole





Europäische Union Evropská unie

Europäischer Fonds für regionale Entwicklung Evropský fond pro regionální rozvoj







Transport services as a logistics process

- <u>Transport</u> effective and intended movement of transport means along transport routes; relocation (transportation) activity in space and time cargo or passengers.
- Transport services represent services directly related to the process of carrying goods (cargo; passengers) in space and time.
- <u>Carrier</u> is define as a natural or legal person operating the transport for foreign or personal use. The carrier concludes a transport contract with the shipper, under which he undertakes to arrange transportation within the agreed time and price to the agreed place under his own name on his account.









- <u>Transportation</u> the resulting effect of the transport process (the relocation process).
- <u>Transportation services</u> include a whole range of relocation activities including relocation itself.
- <u>Shipper</u> is used to identify the carrier's customer, sometimes even the forwarder. This is a comprehensive name for the sender (exporter; consignor) and recipient (importer; consignee).





Specifics of transport services:

According to the character of the transport route and the means of transport moving on this route, these are divided into following transport sections:

- Railway,
- Road,
- Inland waterway,
- Maritime,
- Air,
- Multimodal; combined,
- Unconventional (oil pipelines, gas pipelines, suspended tracks and cableways, etc.).









Structure of the transport service process:

Transport process (the process of providing transport services) includes several interdependent (follow-up) activities, from a contractual collateral of transport to accounting the haulage (freightage; transportation charge).







Forwarding services

- Freight forwarding services represent services of all kinds that relate to the providing transportation offered by the forwarder to his principal (his customer).
- <u>Freight forwarder</u> is a person (legal or natural) who undertakes to provide transportation of goods in his own name and on behalf of his principal (consignor or consignee).
- <u>Freight forwarding</u>, in the Czech Republic, is regarded as a free trade (Act No. 286/1995 Coll. Act amending and supplementing Act No. 455/1991 Coll., On Trades Licensing). The provisions of the Commercial Code (Act No. 513/1991 Coll.) is applied to the forwarding agreement.







The principal activities of the freight forwarder according to the FIATA (International Federation of Freight Forwarders Associations) is:

- to provide, organize and optimize goods transportation (carriage),
- to assist the principal (customer) in solving all transportation issues,
- to ensure the choice of the optimal transport route and the most suitable means of transport,
- to assist their principal in the payment process,
- to take care of all transport requirements and formalities related to the transportation services and their execution.





